K-209

Lusby Farm Near Kennedyville c. 1860

Robert J. Lusby's name appears on Martinet's Map of Kent County (1860) in this location and it is probable that the house was built for him close to that time. Actually built on the foundation of an earlier house, the construction of this house resulted in one of the most classical Greek Revival style dwellings in Kent County. A distinct separation in texture was employed between the attic story with its ship lap siding and the lower stories which were sheathed with lapped weatherboard. The use of heavy brackets around the cornice is a testament to the influence of the Italianate style. Its combination with Greek Revival details became a common practice in Kent County during this time.

The Lusby Farmhouse was composed of a principal three-story section, five bays long, with a wing built behind, so as to avoid asymmetry in the principal facade. There was a one-story porch along the front which covered the classical architrave (most likely purchased from a millwork shop in either Baltimore or Philadelphia).

K-209

C. Olin Powell Farm Near Chesterville Private

The Powell farmhouse is an rare survival of a house type that may once have been more common: a three-storey, five-bay-wide, hipped roof, frame building with Greek Revival-Italianate styling that dates from the middle nineteenth century. Some are known to have been lost to fire. During unprosperous periods for farmers and especially when a high percentage of Kent County farms were tenanted, many became badly deteriorated, and new owners concluded that it was not worth the expense to rehabilitate them and so demolished them. Some did repair and remodel but removed the third storey because the space was not needed and it was hard to maintain and heat. This particular house is unusual for its treatment of the third storey, a true "attic" level strongly resembling the c. 1830 Middle Hall at Washington College. The use of the flush weatherboard in this part of the building, to provide a flat-appearing band in accordance with Greek Revival principals, is rare in the county. The only other place it is seen in the upper county is on the gable-end facade of Rehobeth Methodist Protestant Church in Sassafras (K-128). This house is also the site of an earlier farmhouse, as indicated by the foundation of part of the rear wing. It appears to have had a hall-and-parlor plan.

Survey No. K-209

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No./502095404

DOE __yes __no

1. Nam	e (indicate	preferred name)		
historic Lusb	y Farm			
and/or common	C. Olin Powell	Farm (preferred)		
2. Loca	ation			
street & number		town-Harmony Woods Ro Chesterville Rd., wes		not for publication
city, town	Chesterville	X vicinity of	congressional district	First
state	Maryland	county	Kent	
3. Clas	sification	·		
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicabl	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted x yes: no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prop	erty (give names	and mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name Mr. &	Mrs. Charles Oli	n Powell		
street & number			telephone no	9 · · · 348-5027
city, town K	ennedyville	stat	e and zip code Marvl	and 21645
		gal Descript		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Co	ourt House		liber RAS 29
street & number	C	ross Street		folio 554
city, town	C	hestertown	state	Maryland
6. Rep	resentatio	n in Existing	Historical Surve	eys
title Marylan	d Historic Sites	Inventory - HABS In	ventory	
date Septemb	er 23, 1968		X federalX_ state	e county local
_epository for su	urvey records Ma	ryland Historical Tr	ıst, 21 State Circle	
city, town	Annapolis		state	Maryaldn

7. Des.	Cilpuon		5d1 vey 100. K=209	
Condition		Check one	Check one	
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	\underline{X} original site	
\underline{X} good	ruins	X altered	moved date of move	

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

__ fair

____ unexposed

The Powell Farmhouse is located on the east side of Browntown Road about three-quarters of a mile north of the old Morgnec-Chesterville Road. The farm is a small one, about 139 acres. The house is two-part, with both sections frame. The main section is three storeys tall with a very shallow hipped roof having a flat center deck. The third storey is a true "attic" storey. The main section is five bays wide and two bays deep, with the main entry in the central bay of the west side. To the rear is a lower, two-storey wing with a shallow gable roof. Though it is still a long wing, four bays, the rearmost portion has been removed. The cornice is heavy and overhanging, with brackets. There is a Greek Revival style front porch and a kitchen wing porch, on the south side.

(Continued)

1600 _X_ 1700	D-1499 archeology-historic D-1599 agriculture D-1699X architecture D-1799 art D-1899 commerce	community planning landscape architecture conservation law literature education military engineering music exploration/settlement philosophy industry politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific	dates circa 1840-1860	Builder/Architect	
check:	Applicable Criteria:A and/or	BCD ABCDEFG	

Survey No. K-209

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Level of Significance: national state local

The Powell farmhouse is a rare survival of a house type that may once a three-storey, hipped roof, frame building with have been more common: Greek Revival-Italianate styling that dates from the middle nineteenth century. Some are known to have been lost to fire. During unprosperous periods for farmers and especiallywhen a high percentage of Kent County farms were tenanted, many became badly deteriorated, and new owners concluded that it was not worth the expense to rehabilitate them and so demolished them. Some did repair and remodel but removed the third storey because the space was not needed and it was hard to maintain and heat. This particular house is unusual for its treatment of the third storey, a true "attic" level strongly resembling the c. 1830 Middle Hall at Washington College. The use of the flush weatherboard in this part of the building, to provide a flat-appearing band in accordance with Greek Revival principals, is rare in the county. The only other place it is seen in the upper county is on the gable-end fadade of Rehobeth Methodist Protestant Church in Sassafras (K-128). This house is also the site of an earlier farmhouse, as indicated by the foundation of part of the rear wing. It appears to have had a hall-and-parlor plan.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey	No.	K-209
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10. Geograph	nical Data			·	·
Acreage of nominated propert Quadrangle name UTM References do NOT o	•	cences	Qu	adrangle scale)
Zone Easting	Northing	BZo	ne Easting	North	ing
C		D F H			
Verbal boundary description		Japping state (or county boun	daries	
state	code	county	•		code
state	code	county			code
11. Form Pre	pared By			•	
	Fallaw, Survey Co issioners of Kent				
	Society of Kent (date May 1	9, 1985	
Court Ho	use	<u>-</u>		778-4600	
street & number Church A	11ey		telephone	778-3499	
city or town Chestert					

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

The main section is about 42 feet wide and 18 feet deep. The rear wing mesures about 18-1/2 feet wide by 33 deep. About 12 feet at the rear gable end were removed by the present owners.

Inspection of the cellar that is under the front portion of the wing reveals that the present wing is built on an old foundation. There are large, arched chimney bases where now there are no fireplaces or chimneys above, at the ends of what very likely would have been a dwelling with a hall-and-parlor plan. A new base that is typical of mid-nineteenth-century chimney base construction has been built to support the present wing chimney, which is located at the rear wall of the first wing room, presently a kitchen. The old cellar is built of fieldstone. A crawl space is under the later main section. It is parged on the exterior but is built of brick.

The exterior wall coverings of the main section are among the most interesting details of the house. The west side and south end of the first two storeys are covered with horizontal, lapped weatherboard, with 4-3/4" to 6-1/2" exposure. It at first appears that the decrease in exposure going upwards may be intentional, but it probably is due to replacement of some of the lower boards. There are molded corner pilasters without bases that are about 5-1/2" wide. In the center there is a cove or flattened double ogee about 1-7/8" wide. Flanking it are 5/8" recessed fillets, then 1-1/4" wide fillets. Essentially these are panelled pilasters with a central molding. The pilasters end at the bold trim between the second and third storeys. The pilasters are not on both corner faces but only on the front, long side. The north end and rear of the main section have asbestos-cement shingles applied over the original weatherboard, without interruption to the roof. The bold molded band between second and third storeys appears to have been removed here. This band is just below the third-storey window sills, about 8" high. There is a plain cap with a large cyma reversa below and what appears to be a bevel. Between this band and the bracketed frieze of the cornice, above the windows, there re only three very wide pieces of horizontal weatherboard. The lower two are flush, and the top piece may once have been though there is now a shadow line. A very flat look was what was desire.

From the exterior it looks impossible for there to be adequate standing room for a usable third storey. However, the floor-ceiling relationships inside are not what they appear to be outside. The second storey is unusually low ceilinged, with the ceiling just above the windows, thus leaving adequate height for third-storey space.

The main entry is in the central bay of the west side. There is a nine-light transoml included in the large architrave. It measures about 6'-5" wide by 9'-4" high. There are thre-light sidelights over a single recess panel with a bold ogee-and-bevel panel molding, which is also used with an outside fillet as the architrave trim backband. The doors are double, with three panels each. The upper and lower panels are large and vertical; the central one is small and horizontal. There is a bold, four-part transom bar 7" high. It consists of a cap, a cyma reversa with bevel below, and two corbelled (continued)

courses. The interior architrave between door and sidelights is also bold and wide (6-1/2"), with an overall flat effect. There is a slightly raised convex center about 3" wide, flanked by recessed coves about 3/4", and then an outside fillet. The wood sill is bold. A mill-finish storm-screen door has been installed.

The windows are double-hung. First-storey windows are fairly large with 6-over-6 sash. On the third storey windows are 3-over-3. Sills are bold and double, the lower 3-1/2" thick. The trim is the same as on the main entry, 4" wide overall, including the backband of ogee-and-bevel with a 3/4" outside fillet.

Form 10-445 (5/62) 1. STATE Maryland

COUNTY Kent

TOWN Kennedyishe VICINITY

STREET NO. Harmony Woods Rd. - Va mile worth

Rt 447 - east side

ORIGINAL OWNER

ORIGINAL USE dwelling

PRESENT OWNER C.O. Powell

PRESENT USE dwelling

WALL CONSTRUCTION fram

NO. OF STORIES

3. FOR LIBRARY OF CONGRESS USE

4. NOTABLE FEATURES, HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND DESCRIPTION OPEN TO PUBLIC NO RUE TO POWER Form house is 5 bays long + 2 bays deep with a 2 story wing to the est. It is a jull 3 storin high and ho a low pitched hipped voit with platform in center there me pilosters at the corners of the himself and a heavy brochet corners. All this tries is painted dork green against the white of the chapboords the wineless have to so on the 1st two floors of 3355h on the 3rd. All winch are third with green shottes. Here center and have door when the subject all transforms. There is a part across to be subject to the story of the winds.

On the ust sich z the house is a cincle z home boxwood.

the house is witewarthy because it represents a type house fond: the country that was popular in will 19th century.

5. PHYSICAL CONDITION OF STRUCTURE Endangered to Interior Exterior good

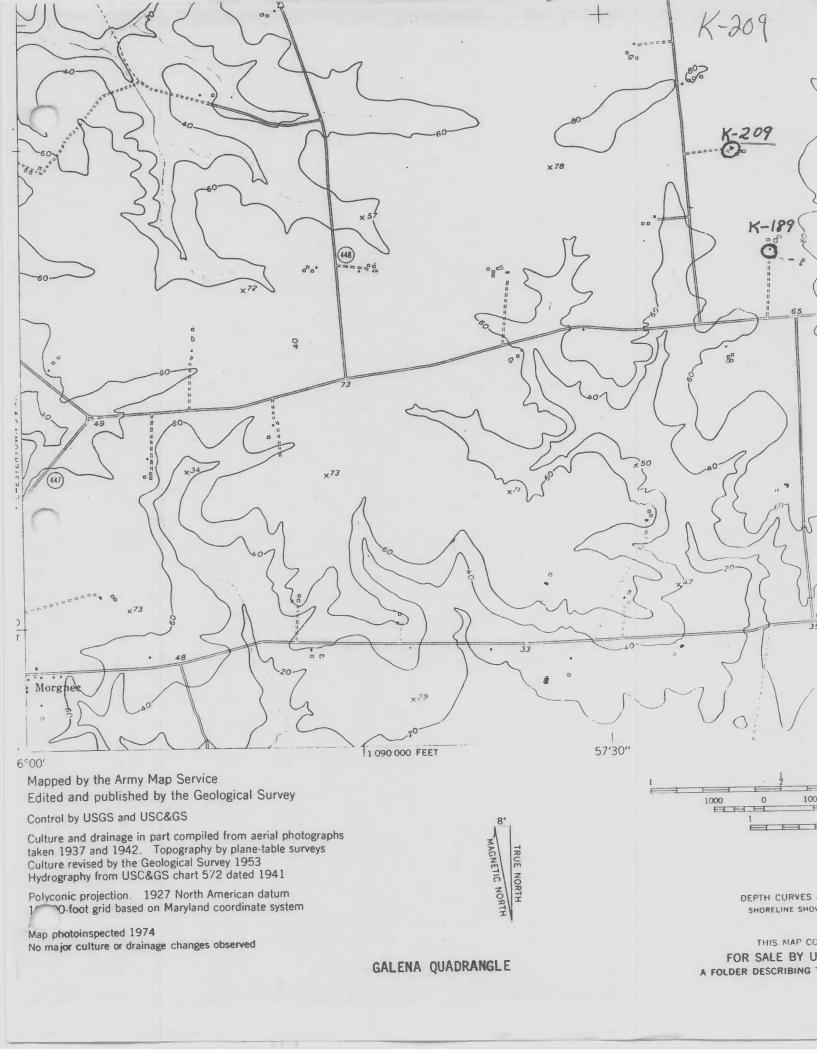
6. LOCATION MAP (Plan Optional)

7. PHOTOGRAPH

8. PUBLISHED SOURCES (Author, Title, Pages)
INTERVIEWS, RECORDS, PHOTOS, ETC.

9. NAME, ADDRESS AND TITLE OF RECORDER
What Bourne

DATE OF RECORD Sept 23 1968





K-209
Olin Powell Farm
Browntown-Harmony Woods Rd., near Chesterville
M. Q. Fallaw - 5/20/85
View to northeast

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRASS

Lusby Form 1 - 209

C. 1860



K-209 Olin Powell Farm Browntown-Harmony Woods Rd., near Chesterville M. Q. Fallaw - 5/20/85 View to southwest